

DATE:

February 11, 1985

TO:

Land Division File

RUH

FROM:

Rick Hersemann, DLPC/FOS - Central Region

SUBJECT:

LPC #04180801 - DOUGLAS COUNTY

TUSCOLA/CABOT CORPORATION (SUBPART F)

An inspection of the Cabot Corporation facility in Tuscola, Illinois was conducted on February 11, 1985. Those present during the inspection included Mr. Gabriel Paci, Ms. Jackie Prueitt, Mr. Larry Crews, Mr. Randy Bergeson, Mr. Dave Wolfe and Mr. Jim Teeters of Cabot Corporation; Dr. Rauf Piskin of Hydropoll, Inc; and Mr. Dale Helmers, Mr. Steve Davis, and Mr. Rick Hersemann of the IEPA.

The purpose of the inspection was to check Cabot Corporation's (Cabot) compliance with Subpart F Interim Status Standards for groundwater monitoring. Cabot has a two-cell surface impoundment, excavated into glacial tills, which accepts DOO2 (corrosive) wastewater. The wastewater contains one to four percent hydrochloric acid. The wastewater enters the surface impoundment from the west through underground pipelines. The wastewater flows east through the surface impoundment to a sump located at the east end. The wastewater is pumped from the sump through underground pipelines to a deep injection well. The wastewater is injected under pressure through the disposal well into the Eminence-Potosi dolomite formation, approximately one mile below the ground surface. The wastewater is neutralized by the dolomites in the Eminence-Potosi Formation.

In addition to the hydrochloric acid wastewater, several other wastewaters generated at the facility are placed into the surface impoundment for disposal down the deep injection well. These wastes are: rainfall runoff from diked areas around product storage tanks, leachate collected from past disposal areas, acids from spills, and washings from the silane waste treatment scrubber and storage tanks. Prior to 1981, wastes generated at A. E. Staley Manufacturing Company of Decatur and R. R. Donnelley Company of Mattoon were deposited into the surface impoundment for disposal through the deep injection well. According to Mr. Paci, the wastewater accepted from R. R. Donnelley contained organic constituents.

The following information provides clarification and more detail to the Subpart F inspection checklists. Items are referenced to specific questions of Appendix A-1, Appendix A-2, Appendix B, and Appendix C checklists. Checklist items which are self-explanatory are not referenced. Checklist items needing clarification or more detail are referenced to the specific question's number.

EPA Region 5 Records Ctr. 298932 RAUGIVED
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The purpose of the inspection was to check Cabot Corporation's (Cabot) compliance with Subpart F Interim Status Standards for groundwater monitoring. Cabot has a two-cell surface impoundment, excavated into glacial tills, which accepts D002 (corrosive) wastewater. The wastewater contains one to four percent hydrochloric acid. The wastewater enters the surface impoundment from the west through underground pipelines. The wastewater flows east through the surface impoundment to a sump located at the east end. The wastewater is pumped from the sump through underground pipelines to a deep injection well. The wastewater is injected under pressure through the disposal well into the Eminence-Potosi dolomite formation, approximately one mile below the ground surface. The wastewater is neutralized by the dolomites in the Eminence-Potosi Formation.

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The following information provides clarification and more detail to the Subpart F inspection checklists. Items are referenced to specific questions of Appendix A-1, Appendix A-2, Appendix B, and Appendix C checklists. Checklist items which are self-explanatory are not referenced. Checklist items needing clarification or more detail are referenced to the specific question's number.

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#### Appendix A-1

- 2. Cabot has implemented a groundwater quality assessment program consisting of one upgradient well (MWI) and downgradient wells MW6, MW7, MW8, MW9, MW10, MW11, MW12, and MW13. Cabot plans to install five additional downgradient monitor wells.
- 3. The upgradient monitor well (MWI) is located 400 feet west of the surface impoundment. MWI is being affected by an outside source of contamination from USI to the west.
- 4. Downgradient monitor wells MW6 (south), MW7 (north), and MW8 (east) are shallow wells located at the edge of the dike around the surface impoundments. Downgradient monitor well MW9 is a deep well located next to MW6 on the south side of the surface impoundment. Downgradient monitor wells MW10, MW11, and MW12 are shallow monitor wells located on the east property line. Downgradient monitor well MW13 is a deep well located on the east property line just east of the Leach Field.
- 7. Boring logs with well completion details are in Agency files.
- 8. Cabot has developed and implemented a groundwater sampling and analysis plan. Information in the plan, plus copies of Cabot's groundwater quality assessments, have been submitted to the Agency. Cabot plans to upgrade their sample collection procedures.
- 9. Cabot completed the first year of sampling for the parameters required in 725.192(b)(1), 725.192(b)(2), and 725.192(b)(3). Statistical evaluation of analysis results triggered the facility into a quarterly groundwater quality assessment program. Cabot plans to install five additional monitor wells (MW14, MW15, MW16, MW17, and MW18) in April, 1985.

Cabot's sampling program will consist of the following frequency of sampling and parameters to be analyzed for; per approved ground-water quality assessment program.

a. Sample wells MW1, MW6, MW7, MW8, MW9, MW10, MW11, MW12, MW14, MW15, MW16, MW17 and MW18 annually for parameters listed in 725.192(b)(2),



- b. Sample wells MW1, MW9, MW10, MW11, MW12, MW14, MW15, MW16, MW17, and MW18 quarterly for pH and specific conductance plus hazardous waste constituents: Bis (2-Ethyl-Hexyl) phthalate, Carbon tetrachloride, methylene chloride, Tetrachloroethylene, Benzene, Toluene, Chloroform, Ethylbenzene, Di n octyl phthalate, and Butyl benzyl phthalate.
- 10. Cabot has implemented an approved groundwater quality assessment program. Ten hazardous waste constituents were found to have entered the groundwater. Cabot is currently evaluating the vertical and horizontal rate and extent of contamination. Additional shallow and deep wells will be installed in April, 1985.

#### Appendix A-2

4. A certified groundwater quality assessment plan was submitted to Director Carlson in a letter from Cabot dated February 1, 1984. A supplement to the groundwater quality assessment plan was submitted to Compliance Monitoring in a letter from Cabot dated March 28, 1984. A proposal to modify the groundwater monitoring system, frequency of analyses, and parameters to be analyzed was submitted to Compliance Monitoring in a letter from Cabot dated May 5, 1984 and approved on May 14, 1984. As a result of the Subpart F inspection and meeting held with Cabot on February 11, 1985; Cabot submitted another modification to Compliance Monitoring in a letter dated February 28, 1985. This modification was approved by Compliance Monitoring in a letter dated March 25, 1985.

#### Appendix B

- 1.3 Cabot has implemented an approved groundwater quality assessment program.
- 2.1 Cabot has an aerial photo and a 15 minute quadrangle map, scale 1 inch 2000 feet; a map prepared by Bruce Yare & Associates, scale 1 inch 200 feet; a map prepared by Rauf Piskin, scale 1 inch = 100 feet; and a plot plan of the plant, scale 1 inch = 200 feet; in the groundwater monitoring program. The topography near the facility is flat farmland. Significant topographic

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features in the area are the Kaskaskia River, surface impoundments and waste gypsum piles at the U.S. Industrial Chemical plant to the west, and Cabot's surface impoundment, leach field, and landfill. Cabot has 2 deep injection wells and USI has one deep injection well which inject wastewater with low pH's into the Eminence-Potosi dolomite formation.

- 2.2 Cabot has a regional hydrogeologic map, scale 1 inch = 2000 feet in the groundwater monitoring program. The map indicates that the Cabot facility is located on a major recharge zone. A groundwater divide is located just west of the Cabot facility. Groundwater west of the divide flows west and discharges into the Kaskaskia River. Groundwater east of the divide flows east-southeast and discharges near Tuscola. Shallow groundwater underlying the Cabot facility flows to the southeast.
- 2.3 Cabot's plot plan consists of the maps previously mentioned in 2.1.
- 2.4 Rauf Piskin prepared a site water table (potentiometric) contour map of the Cabot facility based on January 14, 1985 groundwater elevations. Copy of the map is in Agency files. Upgradient well MWl is located 400 feet west of the surface impoundment and appears capable of providing representative ambient groundwater quality data. Downgradient wells on the map are MW2, MW3, MW4, MW5, MW6, MW7, MW8, MW9, MW10, MW11, MW12, and MW13. The map should be updated when wells MW14, MW15, MW16, MW17, and MW18 are installed.
- 3.1 Soil borings and monitor wells were drilled and installed by Shaffer-Krimmel-Silver of Decatur, Illinois under the supervision of Bruce Yare and Associates of Belleville, Illinois and Rauf Piskin of Hydropoll, Inc., Springfield, Illinois.
- 3.3 Thirteen soil borings were made by hollow stem auger for RCRA compliance. Monitor wells were installed in each of the thirteen borings. Copies of boring logs are in Agency files.
- 3.5 Lithologic samples were collected during the drilling at 5 foot intervals by split spoon and shelby tube sampling.
- 4.1 See 3.1
- 4.2 Thirteen monitor wells were installed for RCRA compliance. An additional five monitor wells will be installed in April 1985. Monitor wells MW1, MW6, MW7, MW8, MW9, MW10, MW11, MW12, MW14, MW15, MW16, MW17, and MW18 will be sampled as part of the ground-water quality assessment program. Monitor wells MW2, MW3, MW4, MW5, and MW13 have been deleted from the program but are still functionable.

- 4.3 Well construction data for each monitor well is shown on the boring logs which are in Agency files. All wells in the sampling program have locking caps except MWl. (MW l has a screw-on protective standpipe cap and can't be locked. The cap on MWl must be removed with a large wrench and hammer. The site also has 24 hour security).
- 5.1 Raul Piskin prepared a geologic cross-section of the surface impoundment. (Submitted in October 21, 1983 letter to Glenn Savage Central Region Manager). The surface impoundment, which is raised above ground level by clay dikes, is underlain by glacial till. The depth of the surface impoundment is approximately 10 feet from the top of the dike to the bottom of the surface impoundment.
- 5.2 Cabot's facility is underlain by several hundred feet of glacial tills. Permeability of the tills range from 1.1 x 10-8 to 7.5 x 10-9 cm/sec. The uppermost saturated zone is sand lenses within the glacial till clay and silt.
- 5.3 Static water levels are measured using a steel tape. Seasonal fluctuations in the static water levels occur which should not alter groundwater gradients and flow directions. Groundwater should flow radially from the surface impoundment's recharge mound in all directions. Regional groundwater flow has been determined to be to the southeast.
  - Deep well MW9 is showing contamination which may indicate a vertical flow. The groundwater quality assessment report calculations show that the vertical velocity is higher than the horizontal velocity.
- 5.4 Data concerning aquifer hydraulic properties is outlined in the February 1985 groundwater quality assessment report prepared by Rauf Piskin.
- 6.1 Monitor wells are screened in the upper and middle portion of the uppermost aquifer underlying the facility. Well clusters are located south of the surface impoundment (MW6, MW9) and along the east property line just east of the leach field (MW10, MW13). Well MW14 will be a 75 foot deep well installed just east of MW6. Well MW18 will be a 50 foot deep well installed next to MW10 to replace MW13 in the program. Another 50 foot well, MW17, will be installed next to shallow well MW16.
- 7.2 Under Cabot's revised sampling program, shallow wells will be sampled with peristaltic pumps with dedicated teflon tubing. Deep wells will be sampled with teflon bailers. The bailers and the silicon tubing in the pump head will be cleaned with methanol followed by a deionized water rinse.



- 8.0 Samples are collected and placed in the proper preservation bottles. Samples are delivered to the proper laboratory along with a lab sheet containing the proper chain-of-custody control. Samples are refrigerated until time of analysis.
- 9.1 Sample analysis is performed by Cabot's laboratory in Tuscola, Illinois; Daily Analytical Laboratory in Peoria, Illinois; TEI Analytical Laboratory in Park Ridge, Illinois; and Environmental Laboratory, Inc. in Gulfport, Mississippi.
- 9.7 Information from field activity logs is recorded on the chainof-custody control form for each sample collected.
- 10.0 Site verification of Cabot's facility was made by physically inspecting the area around the surface impoundment. The surface impoundment, leach field, landfill, and monitor wells were checked for verification. All items correspond to the plot plan.

Cabot's two-celled surface impoundment is composed of a north and a south cell. The north cell was not in operation. The south cell was in operation and contained 6 to 7 feet of wastewater and 4 feet of freeboard. Both cells are approximately 10 feet deep. Both cells are diked and elevated above the ground level of the surrounding area. The dikes around the surface impoundment are covered with gravel. The elevated surface impoundment acts as a recharge zone to the shallow groundwater.

#### Appendix C

- 1.1 Hazardous waste constituents found to be originating from the waste management area include: Bis (2-Ethyl-Hexyl) phthalate, Carbon tetrachloride, Methylene chloride, Tetrachloroethylene, Benzene, Toluene, Chloroform, Ethylbenzene, Di n octyl phthalate, and Butyl benzyl phthalate.
- 1.2 Downgradient monitor wells MW6, MW7, and MW8 showed significant increases in TOX, TOC, and specific conductance and significant decreases in pH. Upgradient monitor well MW1 showed a significant increase in TOX. MW1 is being influenced by an outside source of contamination to the west at USI.
- 3.1 Consultant Raul Piskin is still evaluating, as part of the approved groundwater quality assessment plan, the rate and extent of migration of hazardous waste constituents.

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3.2 Additional monitor wells MW14, MW15, MW16, MW17 and MW18 will be installed as part of the groundwater quality assessment program. The new wells, plus past sampling of the other wells, and geophysical methods, will determine the extent of contamination. The rate of contamination migration and the extent of contamination is still being determined by Rauf Piskin.

#### Summary

Cabot Corporation has implemented and is operating a groundwater quality assessment program. Groundwater quality assessments are made on a quarterly basis. Cabot needs to install additional monitor wells to determine the rate and extent of groundwater contamination and the concentrations of hazardous waste constituents in the groundwater. Cabot will be considered to be in non-compliance with 725.193(d)(7)(A) of Subpart F -- Groundwater Monitoring requirements until the following items are completed:

- 1. Determine rate and extent of groundwater contamination.
- 2. Determine concentrations of hazardous waste constituents in the groundwater.
- 3. Install monitor wells MW14 (G114), MW15 (G115), MW16 (G116), MW17 (G117), and MW18 (G118).
- 4. Submit boring logs and well construction diagrams for the five new wells.
- 5. Submit sample analysis results from the five new wells for the parameters outlined in the groundwater quality assessment program.
- 6. Submit new site water table (potentiometric) contour map with the new well locations.

NOTE: Violations of 725.193(d)(7)(A) were cited in the January 22, 1985 Compliance Inquiry Letter from Compliance Monitoring.

RH:jg

cc: DLPC/FOS - Central Region DLPC/Compliance Monitoring

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### Douglas Co. LPC# 04180801 Tuscola / Cabot Corp APPENDIX A-1

### FACILITY INSPECTION FORM FOR COMPLIANCE WITH INTERIM STATUS STANDARDS COVERING GROUND-WATER MONITORING

Company Name: Cabot Corporation;	IEPA I.D. Number: LPC # 04180801
Company Address: P.O. Box 188;	USEPA I.D. Number: 042075333
Tuscola, Th. 61953	Inspector's Name: Rick Hersemann
	DLPC / FOS
Company Contact/Official: Gabriel Paci;	Branch/Organization:
Title: Manager - Environmental Affairs	Date of Inspection: February 11, 1985
Title: Manager - Environmental Affairs  Jackie Prueitt - Senior Lab Te	CL Yes No Unknown Wavied
Type of facility: (check appropriately)	
<ul> <li>a) surface impoundment</li> <li>b) landfill</li> <li>c) land treatment facility</li> <li>d) disposal waste pile*</li> </ul>	<u>X</u>
Ground-Water Monitoring Program	
Was the ground-water monitoring program reviewed prior to site visit? If "No,"	<u>X</u>
a) Was the ground-water program reviewed at the facility prior to site inspection?	
2. Has a ground-water monitoring program (capable of determining the facility's impact on the quality of groundwater in the uppermost aquifer underlying the facility) been implemented? 725.190(a)	<u>X</u>
*Listed separate from landfill for convenie	nce of identification.
CC: DLPC / DIU	usion File
Dipc/Fos	s - Central Region APR 10 1005 mpliance Monitoring
Dipe / Co	mpliance Monitoring
	$\mathcal{I}$

Cabot Corporation

IL 532-1229 LPC 162 5/84

								Yes	No	Unknown	Wavied
8.				ter sampli oped? 725		nalysis		<u>x</u>			
	a) b) c)	Is t Does	he pla the p	n followed n kept at lan includ ques for:	the faci			X			
		1) 2) 3)	Sampl Sampl Sampl Analy	e collecti e preserva e shipment tical proc of custoo	ition? ;? cedures?	1?		X X X X X		Sample proce will upgra	e collect dures be ided
9.	wate for	er sam	ples b irst y	d paramete eing teste ear? 725.	d quarte	r1y		<u>X</u>		•	
	a)			ound-water or the fol							
		1)	suita as a	neters char ability of drinking w	the grou	nd-water		V			
		2)	Param water	92(b)(l) meters esta quality?	725.192	(b)(2)		<u>X</u>			1
		3)	groun	meters used nd-water co 192(b)(3)				_X_			
			(i) (ii)	measureme upgradier sample of first yea 725.192(c Are prov- culate th arithmet of the re concentra obtained	east four ents obta nt well for tained do ar of mon colors mande initial ic mean a espective ations or from the	replicated at each uring the itoring?  de to call background variane paramete values upgradie	each each ound ice				
				well(s) o year? 72	during the 25.192(c)	e first (2)		<u>X</u>			

		<u>Yes</u>	No	Unknown	Wavied
11.	Have records been kept of analyses for parameters in 725.192(c) and (d)? 725.194(a)(1)	X			
12.	Have records been kept of ground-water surface elevations taken at the time of sampling for each well? 725.194(a)(1)	_X_			
13.	Have records been kept of required elevations in 725.192(e)? 725.194(a)(1)	_X_			

\*EPA will be proposing (Spring 1982) to replace this reporting requirement with an exception reporting system where reports will be submitted only where maximum contaminant levels or significant changes in the contamination indicators or other parameters are observed. EPA has delayed compliance stage for 14 a) above until August 1, 1982 (Federal Register, February 23, 1982, p. 7841-7842) to be coupled with exception reporting in the interim.

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			Yes	No	Unknown
3.	erro	ignificant differences were not due to r, was a written notice sent to the ctor within 7 days of confirmation?	X		
4.	was asse	in 15 days of notification of the Director a certified ground-water quality ssment plan submitted?	X		
	a)	Does the plan specify 725.193(d)(3):			
		<pre>1) well information (specifics):</pre>			
		<pre>(a) number? (b) locations? (c) depths?</pre>	×		
		<ul><li>sampling methods?</li><li>analytical methods?</li><li>evaluation methods?</li><li>schedule of implementation?</li></ul>	X X X		
	b)	Does the plan allow for determination of 725.193(d)(4):			
		1) Rate and extent of migration of hazardous waste or hazardous waste constituents?	. <b>X</b>		Rate and extent s
		2) Concentrations of the hazardous waste or hazardous waste constituents?	X		needs to be deter
	c)	Is it indicated that the first determination was made as soon as technically feasible? 725.193(d)(5)	×		
		<ol> <li>Within 15 days after the first determi- nation was a written report containing the assessment of ground-water quality submitted to the Director?</li> </ol>	X		
	d)	Was it determined that hazardous waste or hazardous waste constituents from the facility have entered the ground-water?	_X_		
		1) If "No," was the original indicator evaluation program, required by 725.192 and 725.193(b), reinstated?		A	

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#### APPENDIX B

## GROUND-WATER MONITORING AND ALTERNATE SYSTEM TECHNICAL INFORMATION FORM

1.0	Backgr	ound Data:	
Com	pany Na	me: Cabot Corporation ; EPA I.D. #: 05	12075333
Com	pany Ad	dress: P.O. Box 188 LPC # 0	4180801
		Tuscola IC. 61953	
Inspe	ector's N	lame: Rick Hersemann; Date: Februa	ry 11, 1485
1.1	Туре о	f facility (check appropriately):	
	1.1.3	surface impoundment landfill land treatment facility disposal waste pile	
1.2	Has a ; establi	ground-water monitoring system been shed?	(Y/N) <u>Y</u>
	1.2.1	Is a ground-water quality assessment program outlined or proposed?	(Y/N) <u>Y</u>
		If Yes,	
	1.2.2	Was it reviewed prior to the site visit?	(Y/N) <u>\</u>
1.3		ground-water quality assessment program been nented or proposed at the site?	(Y/N) <u>Y</u>
		Appendix C, Ground-Water Quality Assessment m Technical Information Form must be utilized also.	
2.0	Region	nal/Facility Map(s)	
2.1		gional map of the area, with the facility ated, included?	(Y/N) <u>Y</u>
	If yes,		
	2.1.1	What is the origin and scale of the map? Aerial P 1"=2000', Map by Bruce Yare 1"=200', Is the surficial geology adequately illustrated?	Map by Rauf Poskin
	2.1.2	Is the surficial geology adequately illustrated?	(Y/N) Y

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	2.3.3	Are the locations of any monitoring wells, soil borings, or test pits shown?	(Y/N) <u>Y</u>
	2.3.4	Is the facility a multi-component facility?	(Y/N) <u>//</u>
		If yes:	
		2.3.4.1 Are individual components adequately monitored?	(Y/N) <u>NA</u>
		2.3.4.2 Is a Waste Management Area delineated?	(Y/N) <u>NA</u>
2.4	Is a sit include	e water table (potentiometric) contour map	(Y/N) <u>Y</u>
	If yes,		
	2.4.1	Do the potentiometric contours appear logical based on topography and presented data? (Consult water level data)	(Y/N) <u>Y</u>
	2.4.2	Are groundwater flowlines indicated?	(Y/N) <u>\</u>
	2.4.3	Are static water levels shown?	(Y/N) <u>\</u>
	2.2.4	May hydraulic gradients be estimated?	(Y/N) <u>Y</u>
	2.4.5	Is at least one monitoring well located hydraulically upgradient of the waste management area(s)?	(Y/N) <u> </u>
	2.4.6	Are at least three monitoring wells located hydraulically downgradient of the waste management area(s)?	(Y/N) <u> </u>
	2.4.7	By their location, do the upgradient wells appear capable of providing representative ambient groundwater quality data?	(Y/N) <u>Y</u>
		affected by an outside sour	
		contamination from USI to	the west

BORING NO.	DEPTH	DIAMETER
	}	

55,000 57,27,18,1865

100

WELL NO. MW 1 MW 2 MW	3 MW 4 MW 5 MW 6
	3 1110 1 11110 0 11110 0
GROUND ELEVATION 693.4 690.7 686	6.9 690.9 690.0 690.0
TOTAL DEPTH 31.3 31.4 29.	8 30.5 29.8 30.2
TYPE MATERIAL PUC PUC PI	UC PUC PUC PUC
DIAMETER 2" 2" 2	<u>" 2" 2" 2" </u>
LENGTH 34.3 34.4 32.	
	0 30 30 3.0
TOP ELEVATION (696.4 693.7 689	1.9 693.9 693.0 693.0
BOTTOM ELEVATION (662.1 659.3 65	7.1 660.4 660.2 659.8
DEPTH TOP/BOTTOM 11.4 11.4 10.0	10.6 10.5 10.9
	1c PUC PUC PUC
DIAMETER 2" 2" 2	" 2" 2" 2"
LENGTH 19 20 0 19	
SLOT SIZE 10 10 1	0 10 10 10
TOP ELEVATION 682.0 679.3 670	6.9 680.3 679.5 679.1
BOTTOM ELEVATION 662.1 659.3 65	
DEPTH TOP/BOTTOM	
E DIAMETER	
LENGTH NO TOP ELEVATION	
TOP ELEVATION	
BOTTOM ELEVATION	

#### INFORMATION TABLE 8-2

GROUND ELEVATION  (GO.O) (GO.O) (GO.S) (GO.T) (GO.G) (GO.O) (GO.T)  TOTAL DEPTH  30.2 30.0 57.0 16.3 15.6 16.5 50  TYPE MATERIAL  PVC			<del></del>				<del>,</del>		1
TOTAL DEPTH  30.2 30.0 57.0 16.3 15.6 16.5 50  TYPE MATERIAL  PVC		WELL NO.	mw7	mw <sup>°</sup> 8	mw9	MWIO	mwil	mw12	mw/3
TYPE MATERIAL  PVC		GROUND ELEVATION	690.0	690.0	691.5	689.7	686.6	691.0	689.0
DIAMETER  2' 2' 2' 2' 2' 2' 2' 2' 2' 2' 2' 2' 2' 2		TOTAL DEPTH	30.2	30.0	51.0	16.3	15.6	16.5	50.2
LENGTH   33.2   33.0   53.8   19.3   18.3   19.4   53.     STICK-UP   3.0   3.0   2.8   3.0   2.7   2.9   3.3     TOP ELEVATION   693.0   694.3   692.7   689.3   693.9   692.     BOTTOM ELEVATION   659.8   660.0   640.5   673.4   671.0   674.5   638     TYPE MATERIAL   PVC		TYPE MATERIAL	PVC	PVC	PUC	PVC	PUC	PVC	PVC
LENGTH   33.2   33.0   53.8   19.3   18.3   19.4   53.     STICK-UP   3.0   3.0   2.8   3.0   2.7   2.9   3.3     TOP ELEVATION   693.0   694.3   692.7   689.3   693.9   692.     BOTTOM ELEVATION   659.8   660.0   640.5   673.4   671.0   674.5   638     TYPE MATERIAL   PVC	o	DIAMETER	۵"	2″	ر"	2"	<i>ລ</i> ້	2"	2"
## STICK-UP  3.0 3.0 2.8 3.0 2.7 2.9 3.3  TOP ELEVATION  693.0 693.0 694.3 692.7 689.3 693.9 692  BOTTOM ELEVATION  659.8 660.0 640.5 673.4 671.0 674.5 638  TYPE MATERIAL  PVC	CABIN	LENGTH	33.2		53.8	19.3	/8.3	19.4	53.5
## TOP ELEVATION   693.0   693.0   694.3   692.7   689.3   693.9   692.8   690.0   690.5   673.4   677.0   674.5   638	1 1	STICK-UP	3.0	3.0	2.8	3.0	2.7	2.9	3.3
DEPTH TOP/BOTTOM    10.9   10.9   45.7   6.7   6.0   6.9   45.9	•	TOP ELEVATION	693.0	693.0	694.3	692.7	689.3	693.9	692.3
TYPE MATERIAL  PVC PVC PVC PVC PVC PVC PVC PVC  PVC PVC PVC PVC PVC  PVC PVC PVC PVC  PVC PVC PVC PVC  PVC PVC PVC  PVC PVC PVC PVC  PVC PVC PVC  PVC PVC PVC  PVC PVC PVC  PVC PVC PVC  PVC PVC PVC  PVC PVC  PVC PVC  PVC		BOTTOM ELEVATION							<b>638</b> .8
DIAMETER  2" 2" 2" 2" 2" 2" 2" 2" 2" 2" 2" 2" 2" 2		DEPTH TOP/BOTTOM			· /				45.4
LENGTH  19.3 19.1 5.3 9.6 9.6 9.6 4.8  10 10 10 10 10 10 10  TOP ELEVATION  BOTTOM ELEVATION  DIAMETER  LENGTH  19.3 19.1 5.3 9.6 9.6 9.6 4.8  10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10  10 10 10 10 10  10		TYPE MATERIAL		PVC	PUC	<u> </u>	PVC	PUC	PVC
LENGTH  19.3 19.1 5.3 9.6 9.6 9.6 4.8  10 10 10 10 10 10 10  TOP ELEVATION  BOTTOM ELEVATION  DIAMETER  LENGTH  19.3 19.1 5.3 9.6 9.6 9.6 4.8  10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10  10 10 10 10 10  10	REEN	DIAMETER	2"	2"	2"	2"	ລ້	2"	2*
TOP ELEVATION 679.1 679.1 645.8 683.0 680.6 684.1 643  BOTTOM ELEVATION 659.8 660.0 640.5 673.4 671.0 674.5 638  DEPTH TOP/BOTTOM  DIAMETER  LENGTH  TOP ELEVATION		LENGTH			}		9.6	9.6	4.8
BOTTOM ELEVATION  679.7 675.8 683.0 680.6 687.7 673.8  DEPTH TOP/BOTTOM  DIAMETER  LENGTH  TOP ELEVATION	WEL	SLOT SIZE	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
DEPTH TOP/BOTTOM  DEPTH TOP/BOTTOM  DIAMETER  LENGTH  TOP ELEVATION		TOP ELEVATION	679.1	679.1	645.8	683.0	680.6	684.1	643.6
DIAMETER LENGTH TOP ELEVATION		BOTTOM ELEVATION	659.8	660.0	640.5	673.4	671.0	674.5	638.8
DIAMETER  UNDAMETER  LENGTH  TOP ELEVATION	CK	DEPTH TOP/BOTTOM							
<b>₹</b>	0 1	DIAMETER							
<b>₹</b>	HOL BRAVE	LENGTH							
	OPE!	TOP ELEVATION							
	Ś	BOTTOM ELEVATION							

#### INFORMATION TABLE 8-2

WELL NO.	
GROUND ELEVATION	
TOTAL DEPTH	
TYPE MATERIAL	
DIAMETER	
ENGTH C	
STICK-UP	
TOP ELEVATION	
BOTTOM ELEVATION	
DEPTH TOP/BOTTOM	
TYPE MATERIAL	
DIAMETER	
SLOT SIZE	
TOP ELEVATION	
BOTTOM ELEVATION	
DEPTH TOP/BOTTOM	
DIAMETER	
LENGTH DO TOP ELEVATION	
OPENDA HOLE OPEN	
BOTTOM ELEVATION	

		evidence of confining (low permeability) beneath the site? (Y/	и) _У_
	If yes,		
	5.2.1	Is the areal extent and continuity indicated? (Y/	и) (и
	5.2.2	Is there any potential for saturated conditions (perched water) to occur above the uppermost aquifer? (Y/N)	
		If yes, give details:	
		a) Should or is this perched zone being monitored? (Y/	и)
		Explain	
	5.2.3	What is the lithology and texture of the uppermost saturated zone (aquifer)?	
		Silty clay / Silt with sand len	25 <b>25</b>
	5.2.4	What is the saturated thickness, if indicated?	
- *	Were s		N) <u> </u>
5.3			
5.3	If yes,		
5.3		How were the water levels measured (check method(s)).	
5.3		Electric water sounder	
5.3		<ul> <li>Electric water sounder</li> <li>Wetted tape</li> <li>Air line</li> </ul>	
5.3		Electric water sounder     Wetted tape	Tape
5.3		<ul> <li>Electric water sounder</li> <li>Wetted tape</li> <li>Air line</li> <li>Other (explain)</li> </ul> Steel	Tape
5.3	5.3.1	<ul> <li>Electric water sounder</li> <li>Wetted tape</li> <li>Air line</li> <li>Other (explain)</li> </ul> Steel	Tapa
5.3	5.3.1	<ul> <li>Electric water sounder</li> <li>Wetted tape</li> <li>Air line</li> <li>Other (explain)</li> <li>Do fluctuations in static water levels occur?</li> <li>If yes,</li> <li>5.3.2.1 Are they accounted for (e.g. seasonal,</li> </ul>	Tapa (N) <u>Y</u>
5.3	5.3.1	<ul> <li>Electric water sounder</li> <li>Wetted tape</li> <li>Air line</li> <li>Other (explain)</li> <li>Do fluctuations in static water levels occur?</li> <li>If yes,</li> <li>5.3.2.1 Are they accounted for (e.g. seasonal,</li> </ul>	-,

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Vell Pe	erformance	
Are the	e monitoring wells screened in the uppermost aquifer?	(Y/N) <u>\</u>
.1.1	Is the full saturated thickness screened?	(Y/N) _ <b>//</b>
5.1.2	For single completions, are the intake areas in the: (check appropriate levels)	
	<ul> <li>Upper portion of the aquifer</li> <li>Middle of the aquifer</li> <li>Lower portion of the aquifer</li> </ul>	<u>X</u>
5.1.3	For well clusters, are the intake areas open to different portions of the aquifer?	(Y/N) <u></u>
6.1.4	Do the intake levels of the monitoring wells appear to be justified due to possible contaminant density and groundwater flow velocity?	(Y/N) <u>У</u>
Ground	l-Water Quality Sampling	
is a sai	mpling (groundwater quality) program and schedule ed?	(Y/N) <u>\</u>
Are sa	mple collection field procedures clearly outlined?	(Y/N) <u>\</u>
7.2.1	How are samples obtained: (check method(s))	
	<ul> <li>Air lift pump</li> <li>Submersible pump</li> <li>Positive displacement pump</li> <li>Centrifugal pump</li> <li>Peristaltic or other suction-lift pump</li> <li>Bailer</li> <li>Other (describe)</li> </ul>	
	Teflon tubing and Teflon Bailer	= Will be
7.2.2	Are all wells sampled with the same equipment and procedures?	(Y/N) <u>Y</u>
	If no, explain	
		·
7.2.3	Are adequate provisions included to clean equipment a sampling to prevent cross-contamination between wells?	after

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9.5		required groundwater contamination indicator eters tested for?	(Y/N) <u>Y</u>
9.6	Are any	y analytical parameters determined in the field?	(Y/N) <u>Y</u>
	Identif		
	• Spe	nperature cific conductance er (describe)	
		in included to record information about each sample ed during the groundwater monitoring program?	(Y/N) <u>Y</u>
	9.7.1	Are field activity logs included?	(Y/N) <u>\(\frac{1}{2}\)</u>
	9.7.2	Are laboratory results included?	(Y/N) <u> </u>
	9.7.3	Are field procedures recorded?	(Y/N) <u>Y</u>
	9.7.4	Are field parameter determinations included?	(Y/N) <u>\</u>
	9.7.5	Are the names and affiliation of the field personnel included?	(Y/N) <del>\</del>
9.8	Are sta	(Y/N) <del>/</del>	
	9.8.1	Is an analysis program set-up which adheres to EPA guidelines?	(Y/N) <u>\</u>
	9.8.2	Is Student's t-test utilized? If other evaluation procedure used, identify	(Y/N)
	9.8.3	Are provisions made for submitting analysis reports to the Regional Administrator?	(Y/N) <del>/</del>
10.0	Site Ve	rification	
10.1	Plot Pl components waters	(Y/N <u>Y</u> )	
	10.1.1	Is the plot plan used for the inspection the same as in the monitoring program plan documentation?	$(Y/N \underline{Y})$ $(Y/N) \underline{Y}$
		If not, explain	
			م سيد د حد د د حد

	10.1.7.2	Were the wells sounded to determine total depth below the surface?	(Y/N) <u>Y</u>		
•		If not, explain			
	10.1.7.3	Were discrepancies in total depth greater the two feet apparent in any well?	an (Y/N) //		
		If yes, explain_			
10.1.8	Was grou wells?	nd water encountered in all monitoring	(Y/N) <u>Y</u>		
	If not, in	dicate which well(s) were dry			
10.1.9	visit?	er level elevations measured during the site	(Y/N) <u>\</u>		
	If yes, in	dicate well number and water level elevation			
	If not, ex	plain			
well#	Stickup	Depth to Water (TOC)	Total Depth (roc)		
mw 1	3.0	9.4	33.O		
mw 9	2.7	44.7	54.3		
MW 10	Q. P	6.7	19.6		
mw 11	2.7	7.6	/7.3		
mw 12	CAP	FROZEN	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

#### APPENDIX C

# GROUND-WATER QUALITY ASSESSMENT PROGRAM INFORMATION FORM

Comp	any Nam	ress: P.O. Box 188 LPC# 042075333
Comp	any Add	ress: P.O. Box 188 LPC # 04180801
		Tuscola, IL. 61953
Inspe	ctor's Na	me: Rick Hersemann; Date: February 11, 1985
		·
1.0	Backgro	<u>und</u>
1.1		constituents (contaminants) originating from the
		sary Carbon Tetrachloride Din octyl phthalate
		Tetrachlorouthylene, Butyl benzyl pathalate
		Methylane Chloride chloroform
1.2	Have th	Bis (Z-E+Ly) - Hexyl) Phthalate, Ethyl benzene e concentrations of the hazardous waste or hazardous
		onstituents shown significant increases in:
	•	upgradient monitoring wells (Y/N) <u>y - Tox</u>
	•	upgradient monitoring wells $(Y/N) \xrightarrow{Y} ToX$ downgradient monitoring wells $(Y/N) \xrightarrow{Y} Y$
		List or indicate on a map, the wells which have
		shown significant increases: (use separate sheet if necessary) mw1 - Tox increase
		mw6, mw7, mw8 - Toc, Tox, Spec. Cond. incr
		mw6, mw1, mw8 - pH decrease
1.3	Were th	e significant increases in contaminant concentration
		ned through the use of the student's t-Test? (Y/N)
	If no,	
	1.3.1	Explain procedure used
	2.012	
1.4	Has the	possibility of error (e.g., laboratory) been eliminated? (Y/N)
		•
	1.4.1	Explain Lab results show obvious groundwater contamination near surface impoundment
		CONTAMINATION NEAR SUFFACE IMPOUNDMENT
		FPR 13 1965

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		,				<del></del>	
	WELL NO.						
GROUND ELEVATION TOTAL DEPTH							_
	TYPE MATERIAL						
	DIAMETER						
CASING	LENGTH						
WELL C	STICK-UP						
*	TOP ELEVATION			_			
	SOTTOM ELEVATION						
	DEPTH TOP/BOTTOM						
	TYPE MATERIAL						
SCREEN	DIAMETER						
	LENGTH						
WELL	SLOT SIZE						
	TOP ELEVATION						
	BOTTOM ELEVATION						
×	DEPTH TOP/BOTTOM					./	
E OR	DIAMETER						·
OPEN HOLE OR SAND/GRAVEL PA	LENGTH						
OPEN IND/G	TOP ELEVATION						
ડિ	BOTTOM ELEVATION						
		<del></del>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	L	E = 0 = 10 per =